

In the Claims:

1. (Cancelled)

2. (Currently Amended) ~~A framework as claimed in Claim 1 including~~ A conservatory framework comprising an eaves structure from which a roof is supported, a joint in the eaves structure formed by a two connector parts which interconnect adjacent profiled sections of the eaves structure, the connector parts being angularly adjustable relative to one another about an axis which is substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis or axes of the profiled sections;
and

a sill for mounting one or more window frames located below the eaves structure.

3. (Currently Amended) A framework as claimed in Claim ~~1~~ 2 in which each connector part is arranged to interfit with each profiled section in such a way that ~~the two components each (connector part and section) are~~ is telescopically interconnected with one of the profiled sections.

4. (Currently Amended) A framework as claimed in Claim ~~1~~ 2 in which each connector part is provided with at least one projection arranged to be located in superimposed relation with a at least one projection ~~or projections of a like~~ another of the connector parts.

5. (Currently Amended) A framework as claimed in Claim ~~1~~ 2 in which the connector parts locate a load-transmitting member.

6. (Currently Amended) A connector assembly comprising first and second substantially identical connector parts for telescopic connection with eaves beam sections of a roof, the ~~connectors~~ connector parts having interdigitating projections with aligned apertures receiving a pin or rod about which the ~~connectors~~ connector parts ~~can be~~ are angularly ~~adjusted~~ adjustable, the arrangement being such ~~that two substantially identical~~ the connector parts ~~can be linked~~ are linkable with one connector part in inverted relation with the other so that the main bodies of the two connector parts are in alignment while the projections are in interdigitated relation.

7. (Original) A framework comprising first and second elongate frame members which are coupled together in angular relation relative to one another by a coupling arrangement, the coupling arrangement comprising a plate with an upstanding pivot post, a channel associated with and extending longitudinally of the first frame member for receiving the plate and maintaining it captive against separation from the first member in a direction generally transverse to its elongation, and an arm adapted to be coupled to the pivot post and to the second frame member.

8. (Original) A framework as claimed in Claim 7 in which the channel has an opening from which the pivot post projects in a direction generally transverse to the elongation of the first member.

9. (Currently Amended) A framework as claimed in Claim 7 in which the plate is so dimensioned that, in one orientation, it ~~can be passed~~ is insertable through the opening of the channel and ~~then turned~~ turnable about the axis of the pivot post to a second orientation in which it bridges the channel and is trapped against withdrawal through the opening.

10. (Original) A framework as claimed in Claim 7 in which the plate co-operates with the channel in such a way that, when turned from said one orientation, resistance to turning in the opposite direction is developed.

11. (Original) A framework as claimed in Claim 7 in which the plate comprises a restrainer to engage with the sides of the opening of the channel to prevent movement of the plate from its captive position.

12. (Original) A framework as claimed in Claim 7, the restrainer comprising a projection or projections located on the same side of the plate as the post.

13. (Original) A framework as claimed in Claim 7 in which the first frame member is a hip frame member of a conservatory roof and the second frame member is a jack rafter extending between the hip frame member and the eaves beam of the roof.

14– 17. (Cancelled)